

1、Vue 高级使用

1.1、自定义组件

- 学完了 Element 组件后，我们会发现组件其实就是自定义的标签。例如就是对的封装。
- 本质上，组件是带有一个名字且可复用的 Vue 实例，我们完全可以自己定义。
- 定义格式

```
Vue.component(组件名称, {
  props: 组件的属性,
  data: 组件的数据函数,
  template: 组件解析的标签模板
})
```

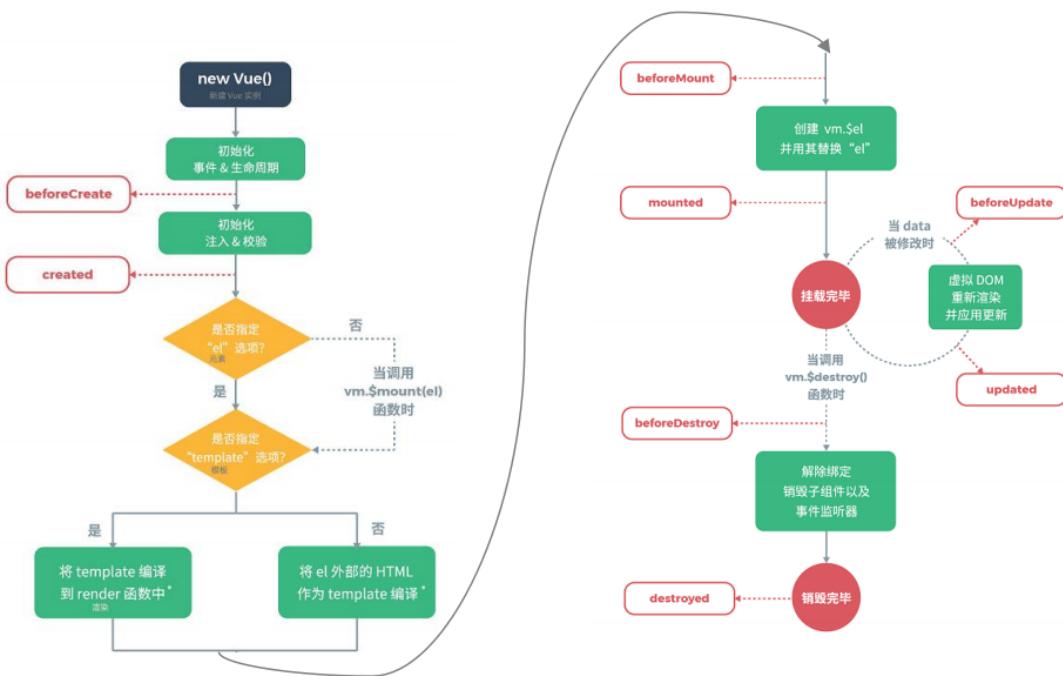
- 代码实现

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>自定义组件</title>
  <script src="vue/vue.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="div">
    <my-button>我的按钮</my-button>
  </div>
</body>
<script>
  Vue.component("my-button", {
    // 属性
    props: ["style"],
    // 数据函数
    data: function() {
      return{
        msg:"我的按钮"
      }
    },
    //解析标签模板
    template: "<button style='color:red'>{{msg}}</button>"
  });

  new Vue({
    el:"#div"
  });
</script>
</html>
```

1.2、Vue的生命周期

• 生命周期



• 生命周期的八个阶段

| 状态 | 阶段周期 |
|---------------|------|
| beforeCreate | 创建前 |
| created | 创建后 |
| beforeMount | 载入前 |
| mounted | 载入后 |
| beforeUpdate | 更新前 |
| updated | 更新后 |
| beforeDestroy | 销毁前 |
| destroyed | 销毁后 |

• 代码实现

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>生命周期</title>
    <script src="vue/vue.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
    <div id="app">
        {{message}}
    </div>

```

```
</body>
<script>
    let vm = new Vue({
        el: '#app',
        data: {
            message: 'vue的生命周期'
        },
        beforeCreate: function() {
            console.group('-----beforeCreate创建前状态-----');
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el); //undefined
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data     : " +
this.$data); //undefined
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message); //undefined
        },
        created: function() {
            console.group('-----created创建完毕状态-----');
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el); //undefined
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data     : " +
this.$data); //已被初始化
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message); //已被初始化
        },
        beforeMount: function() {
            console.group('-----beforeMount挂载前状态-----');
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
(this.$el)); //已被初始化
            console.log(this.$el);
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data     : " +
this.$data); //已被初始化
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message); //已被初始化
        },
        mounted: function() {
            console.group('-----mounted 挂载结束状态-----');
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el); //已被初始化
            console.log(this.$el);
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data     : " +
this.$data); //已被初始化
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message); //已被初始化
        },
        beforeUpdate: function() {
            console.group('beforeUpdate 更新前状态=====》 ');
            let dom = document.getElementById("app").innerHTML;
            console.log(dom);
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el);
            console.log(this.$el);
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data     : " +
this.$data);
            console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message);
        },
        updated: function() {
```

```

        console.group('updated 更新完成状态====》 ');
        let dom = document.getElementById("app").innerHTML;
        console.log(dom);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el);
        console.log(this.$el);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data    : " +
this.$data);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message);
    },
    beforeDestroy: function() {
        console.group('beforeDestroy 销毁前状态
=====》 ');
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el);
        console.log(this.$el);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data    : " +
this.$data);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message);
    },
    destroyed: function() {
        console.group('destroyed 销毁完成状态====》 ');
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "el      : " +
this.$el);
        console.log(this.$el);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "data    : " +
this.$data);
        console.log("%c%s", "color:red", "message: " +
this.message);
    }
);

// 销毁Vue对象
//vm.$destroy();
//vm.message = "hehe"; // 销毁后 Vue 实例会解绑所有内容

// 设置data中message数据值
vm.message = "good...";

</script>
</html>

```

1.3、Vue异步操作

- 在Vue中发送异步请求，本质上还是AJAX。我们可以使用axios这个插件来简化操作！

- 使用步骤

- 1.引入axios核心js文件。
- 2.调用axios对象的方法来发起异步请求。
- 3.调用axios对象的方法来处理响应的数据。

- axios常用方法

| 方法名 | 作用 |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| get(请求的资源路径与请求的参数) | 发起GET方式请求 |
| post(请求的资源路径,请求的参数) | 发起POST方式请求 |
| then(response) | 请求成功后的回调函数，通过response获取响应的数据 |
| catch(error) | 请求失败后的回调函数，通过error获取错误信息 |

- 代码实现

- html代码

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <title>异步操作</title>
    <script src="js/vue.js"></script>
    <script src="js/axios-0.18.0.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
    <div id="div">
        {{name}}
        <button @click="send()">发起请求</button>
    </div>
</body>
<script>
    new Vue({
        el:"#div",
        data:{
            name:"张三"
        },
        methods:{
            send(){
                // GET方式请求
                // axios.get("testServlet?name=" + this.name)
                //     .then(resp => {
                //         alert(resp.data);
                //     })
                //     .catch(error => {
                //         alert(error);
                //     })

                // POST方式请求
                axios.post("testServlet","name="+this.name)
                    .then(resp => {
                        alert(resp.data);
                    })
                    .catch(error => {
                        alert(error);
                    })
            }
        }
    });
</script>
</html>

```

◦ java代码

```
package com.itheima;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
@WebServlet("/testServlet")
public class TestServlet extends HttpServlet {
    @Override
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        //设置请求和响应的编码
        req.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
        resp.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");

        //获取请求参数
        String name = req.getParameter("name");
        System.out.println(name);

        //响应客户端
        resp.getWriter().write("请求成功");
    }

    @Override
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp)
        throws ServletException, IOException {
        this.doGet(req, resp);
    }
}
```

1.4、小结

- 自定义组件：本质上，组件是带有一个名字且可复用的 Vue 实例，我们可以自己来定义。

```
Vue.component(组件名称, {
  props: 组件的属性,
  data: 组件的数据函数,
  template: 组件解析的标签模板
})
```

- 生命周期：核心八个阶段
 - beforeCreate: 创建前
 - created: 创建后
 - beforeMount: 载入前
 - mounted: 载入后
 - beforeUpdate: 更新前
 - updated: 更新后
 - beforeDestroy: 销毁前
 - destroyed: 销毁后

- 异步操作：通过 axios 插件来实现。

| 方法名 | 作用 |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| get(请求的资源路径与请求的参数) | 发起GET方式请求 |
| post(请求的资源路径,请求的参数) | 发起POST方式请求 |
| then(response) | 请求成功后的回调函数，通过response获取响应的数据 |
| catch(error) | 请求失败后的回调函数，通过error获取错误信息 |

2、综合案例 学生管理系统

2.1、效果环境的介绍



2.2、登录功能的实现

- 环境搭建

- 从当天的资料中解压《学生管理系统原始项目》，并导入。

- 代码实现

- html代码

```
onSubmit(formName) {
    // 为表单绑定验证功能
    this.$refs[formName].validate((valid) => {
        if (valid) {
            //请求服务器完成登录功能
            axios.post("userServlet", "username=" +
this.form.username + "&password=" + this.form.password)
                .then(resp => {
                    if(resp.data == true) {
                        //登录成功，跳转到首页
                        location.href = "index.html";
                    }else {
                        //登录失败，跳转到登录页面
                        alert("登录失败，请检查用户名和密码");
                        location.href = "login.html";
                    }
                })
        } else {
            return false;
        }
    });
}
```

- java代码

- UserServlet.java

```
package com.itheima.controller;

import com.itheima.bean.User;
import com.itheima.service.UserService;
import com.itheima.service.impl.UserServiceImpl;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.List;

@WebServlet("/userServlet")
public class UserServlet extends HttpServlet {
    private UserService service = new UserServiceImpl();
    @Override
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse
resp) throws ServletException, IOException {
        //设置请求和响应编码
    }
}
```

```

        req.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
        resp.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");

        //1.获取请求参数
        String username = req.getParameter("username");
        String password = req.getParameter("password");

        //2.封装User对象
        User user = new User(username,password);

        //3.调用业务层的登录方法
        List<User> list = service.login(user);

        //4.判断是否查询出结果
        if(list.size() != 0) {
            //将用户名存入会话域当中
            req.getSession().setAttribute("username",username);
            //响应给客户端true
            resp.getWriter().write("true");
        }else {
            //响应给客户端false
            resp.getWriter().write("false");
        }
    }

    @Override
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp) throws ServletException, IOException {
        doGet(req,resp);
    }
}

```

■ UserService.java

```

package com.itheima.service;

import com.itheima.bean.User;

import java.util.List;
/*
 * 业务层约束接口
 */
public interface UserService {
    /*
     * 登录方法
     */
    public abstract List<User> login(User user);
}

```

■ UserServiceImpl.java

```

package com.itheima.service.impl;

import com.itheima.bean.User;
import com.itheima.mapper.UserMapper;
import com.itheima.service.UserService;

```

```

import org.apache.ibatis.io.Resources;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactory;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactoryBuilder;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.util.List;

public class UserServiceImpl implements UserService {
    @Override
    public List<User> login(User user) {
        InputStream is = null;
        SqlSession sqlSession = null;
        List<User> list = null;
        try{
            //1.加载核心配置文件
            is = Resources.getResourceAsStream("MyBatisConfig.xml");

            //2.获取SqlSession工厂对象
            SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
            SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(is);

            //3.通过SqlSession工厂对象获取SqlSession对象
            sqlSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession(true);

            //4.获取UserMapper接口的实现类对象
            UserMapper mapper = sqlSession.getMapper(UserMapper.class);

            //5.调用实现类对象的登录方法
            list = mapper.login(user);

        }catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            //6.释放资源
            if(sqlSession != null) {
                sqlSession.close();
            }
            if(is != null) {
                try {
                    is.close();
                } catch (IOException e) {
                    e.printStackTrace();
                }
            }
        }
        //7.返回结果到控制层
        return list;
    }
}

```

■ UserMapper.java

```

package com.itheima.mapper;

import com.itheima.bean.User;

```

```

import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Select;

import java.util.List;

public interface UserMapper {
    /*
     * 登录方法
     */
    @Select("SELECT * FROM user WHERE username=#{username} AND password=#{password}")
    public abstract List<User> login(User user);
}

```

2.3、分页查询功能的实现

- 代码实现

- html代码

```

<script>
new Vue({
    el: "#div",
    data: {
        dialogTableVisible4add: false, //添加窗口显示状态
        dialogTableVisible4edit: false, //编辑窗口显示状态
        formData: {}, //添加表单的数据
        editFormData: {}, //编辑表单的数据
        tableData: [], //表格数据
        pagination: {
            currentPage: 1, //当前页
            pageSize: 5, //每页显示条数
            total: 0 //总条数
        },
        rules: {
            number: [
                {required: true, message: '请输入学号', trigger: 'blur'},
                {min: 2, max: 10, message: '长度在 2 到 10 个字符', trigger: 'blur'}
            ],
            name: [
                {required: true, message: '请输入姓名', trigger: 'blur'},
                {min: 2, max: 10, message: '长度在 2 到 10 个字符', trigger: 'blur'}
            ],
            birthday: [
                {required: true, message: '请选择日期', trigger: 'change'}
            ],
            address: [
                {required: true, message: '请输入地址', trigger: 'blur'},
                {min: 2, max: 200, message: '长度在 2 到 200 个字符', trigger: 'blur'}
            ],
        }
    }
})

```

```
},
methods:{
    //分页查询功能
    selectByPage(){
        axios.post("studentServlet","method=selectByPage&currentPage=" +
this.pagination.currentPage + "&pageSize=" + this.pagination.pageSize)
            .then(resp => {
                //将查询出的数据赋值tableData
                this.tableData = resp.data.list;
                //设置分页参数
                //当前页
                this.pagination.currentPage =
resp.data.pageNum;
                //总条数
                this.pagination.total = resp.data.total;
            })
        },
        //改变每页条数时执行的函数
        handleSizeChange(pagesize) {
            //修改分页查询的参数
            this.pagination.pageSize = pagesize;
            //重新执行查询
            this.selectByPage();
        },
        //改变页码时执行的函数
        handleCurrentChange(pageNum) {
            //修改分页查询的参数
            this.pagination.currentPage = pageNum;
            //重新执行查询
            this.selectByPage();
        },
        showAddStu() {
            //弹出窗口
            this.dialogTableVisible4add = true;
        },
        resetForm(addForm) {
            //双向绑定，输入的数据都赋值给了formData， 清空formData数据
            this.formData = {};
            //清除表单的校验数据
            this.$refs[addForm].resetFields();
        },
        showEditStu(row) {
            //1. 弹出窗口
            this.dialogTableVisible4edit = true;

            //2. 显示表单数据
            this.editFormData = {
                number:row.number,
                name:row.name,
                birthday:row.birthday,
                address:row.address,
            }
        }
    },
    mounted(){
        //调用分页查询功能
        this.selectByPage();
    }
}
```

```
        }
    });
</script>
```

- **java代码**

- **1、创建StudentServlet.java**

```
package com.itheima.controller;

import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;
import com.github.pagehelper.Page;
import com.github.pagehelper PageInfo;
import com.itheima.bean.Student;
import com.itheima.service.StudentService;
import com.itheima.service.impl.StudentServiceImpl;
import org.apache.commons.beanutils.BeanUtils;
import org.apache.commons.beanutils.ConvertUtils;
import org.apache.commons.beanutils.Converter;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;
import java.util.Map;

@WebServlet("/studentServlet")
public class StudentServlet extends HttpServlet {
    private StudentService service = new StudentServiceImpl();
    @Override
    protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp) throws ServletException, IOException {
        //设置请求和响应编码
        req.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
        resp.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");

        //1.获取方法名
        String method = req.getParameter("method");
        if(method.equals("selectByPage")) {
            //分页查询功能
            selectByPage(req, resp);
        }
    }

    /*
     * 分页查询功能
     */
    private void selectByPage(HttpServletRequest req,
    HttpServletResponse resp) {
        //获取请求参数
        String currentPage = req.getParameter("currentPage");
        String pageSize = req.getParameter("pageSize");
```

```

        //调用业务层的查询方法
        Page page = service.selectByPage(Integer.parseInt(currentPage),
Integer.parseInt(pagesize));

        //封装PageInfo
        PageInfo info = new PageInfo(page);

        //将info转成json，响应给客户端
        try {
            String json = new ObjectMapper().writeValueAsString(info);
            resp.getWriter().write(json);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    @Override
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse
resp) throws ServletException, IOException {
        doGet(req, resp);
    }
}

```

■ 2、创建StudentService.java

```

package com.itheima.service;

import com.github.pagehelper.Page;
import com.itheima.bean.Student;

/*
 * 学生业务层接口
 */
public interface StudentService {
    /*
     * 分页查询方法
     */
    public abstract Page selectByPage(Integer currentPage, Integer
pagesize);
}

```

■ 3、创建StudentServiceImpl.java

```

package com.itheima.service.impl;

import com.github.pagehelper.Page;
import com.github.pagehelper.PageHelper;
import com.itheima.bean.Student;
import com.itheima.mapper.StudentMapper;
import com.itheima.service.StudentService;
import org.apache.ibatis.io.Resources;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSession;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactory;
import org.apache.ibatis.session.SqlSessionFactoryBuilder;

```

```

import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStream;

/*
    学生业务层实现类
*/
public class StudentServiceImpl implements StudentService {

    /*
        分页查询功能
    */
    @Override
    public Page selectByPage(Integer currentPage, Integer pageSize) {
        InputStream is = null;
        SqlSession sqlSession = null;
        Page page = null;
        try{
            //1.加载核心配置文件
            is = Resources.getResourceAsStream("MyBatisConfig.xml");
            //2.获取SqlSession工厂对象
            SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
            SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(is);
            //3.通过SqlSession工厂对象获取SqlSession对象
            sqlSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession(true);
            //4.获取StudentMapper接口实现类对象
            StudentMapper mapper =
            sqlSession.getMapper(StudentMapper.class);
            //5.设置分页参数
            page = PageHelper.startPage(currentPage,pageSize);
            //6.调用实现类对象查询全部方法
            mapper.selectAll();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        } finally {
            //7.释放资源
            if(sqlSession != null) {
                sqlSession.close();
            }
            if(is != null) {
                try {
                    is.close();
                } catch (IOException e) {
                    e.printStackTrace();
                }
            }
        }
        //8.返回结果到控制层
        return page;
    }
}

```

■ 4、创建StudentMapper.java

```

package com.itheima.mapper;

import com.itheima.bean.Student;

```

```

import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Delete;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Insert;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Select;
import org.apache.ibatis.annotations.Update;

import java.util.List;

/*
    学生持久层接口
*/
public interface StudentMapper {
    /*
        查询全部方法
    */
    @Select("SELECT * FROM student")
    public abstract List<Student> selectAll();
}

```

2.4、添加功能的实现

- 代码实现

- html代码

在stuList.html中增加“添加功能”代码

```

//添加学生功能
addStu(){
    let param = "method=addStu&number=" +
    this.formData.number + "&name=" + this.formData.name +
    "&birthday=" + this.formData.birthday +
    "&address=" + this.formData.address +
    "&currentPage=" + this.pagination.currentPage +
    "&pagesize=" + this.pagination.pageSize;
    axios.post("studentServlet",param)
        .then(resp => {
            //将查询出的数据赋值tableData
            this.tableData = resp.data.list;
            //设置分页参数
            //当前页
            this.pagination.currentPage =
            resp.data.pageNum;
            //总条数
            this.pagination.total = resp.data.total;
        })
        //关闭添加窗口
        this.dialogTablevisible4add = false;
}

```

- java代码

- 1、在StudentServlet.java中增加“添加功能”代码-addStu

```

/*
*1、直接复制会报错
*2、需要将此行代码需要添加到“doGet”方法中

```

```
*3、增加“addstu”方法名的判断
*/
else if(method.equals("addstu")) {
    //添加数据功能
    addstu(req,resp);
}

=====
=====

/*
    添加数据功能
*/
private void addstu(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp) {
    //获取请求参数
    Map<String, String[]> map = req.getParameterMap();
    String currentPage = req.getParameter("currentPage");
    String pageSize = req.getParameter("pageSize");

    //封装Student对象
    Student stu = new Student();

    //注册日期转换器方法
    dateConvert();

    try {
        BeanUtils.populate(stu,map);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }

    //调用业务层的添加方法
    service.addstu(stu);

    //重定向到分页查询功能
    try {
        resp.sendRedirect(req.getContextPath() + "/studentServlet?
method=selectByPage&currentPage=" + currentPage + "&pageSize=" +
pageSize);
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

/*
    日期转换
*/
private void dateConvert() {
    ConvertUtils.register(new Converter() {
        public Object convert(Class type, Object value) {
            SimpleDateFormat simpleDateFormat = new
SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");
            try {
                return simpleDateFormat.parse(value.toString());
            } catch (ParseException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
            return null;
        }
    }, Date.class);
}
```

```
        }
    }, Date.class);
}
```

- 2、在StudentService.java中增加“添加功能”-addStu

```
/*
 * 添加数据方法
 */
public abstract void addStu(Student stu);
```

- 3、StudentServiceImpl.java中增加“添加功能”-addStu

```
/*
 * 添加数据方法
 */
@Override
public void addStu(Student stu) {
    InputStream is = null;
    SqlSession sqlSession = null;
    try{
        //1.加载核心配置文件
        is = Resources.getResourceAsStream("MyBatisConfig.xml");
        //2.获取SqlSession工厂对象
        SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(is);
        //3.通过SqlSession工厂对象获取SqlSession对象
        sqlSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession(true);
        //4.获取StudentMapper接口实现类对象
        StudentMapper mapper =
sqlSession.getMapper(StudentMapper.class);
        //5.调用实现类对象添加方法
        mapper.addStu(stu);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
        //6.释放资源
        if(sqlSession != null) {
            sqlSession.close();
        }
        if(is != null) {
            try {
                is.close();
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

- 4、StudentMapper.java中增加“添加功能”-addStu

```

/*
    添加数据方法
*/
@Insert("INSERT INTO student VALUES (#{number},#{name},#
{birthday},#{address})")
public abstract void addStu(Student stu);

```

2.5、修改功能的实现

- 代码实现

- html代码

在stuList.html中增加“修改功能”代码

```

//修改数据功能
updateStu() {
    let param = "method=updateStu&number=" +
    this.editFormData.number + "&name=" + this.editFormData.name +
        "&birthday=" + this.editFormData.birthday +
    "&address=" + this.editFormData.address +
        "&currentPage=" + this.pagination.currentPage +
    "&pageSize=" + this.pagination.pageSize;
    axios.post("studentServlet",param)
        .then(resp => {
            //将查询出的数据赋值tableData
            this.tableData = resp.data.list;
            //设置分页参数
            //当前页
            this.pagination.currentPage =
            resp.data.pageNum;
            //总条数
            this.pagination.total = resp.data.total;
        })
        //关闭编辑窗口
        this.dialogTableVisible4edit = false;
}

```

- java代码

- 1、在StudentServlet.java中增加“修改功能”-updateStu

```

/*
    修改数据功能
*/
private void updateStu(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse
resp) {
    //获取请求参数
    Map<String, String[]> map = req.getParameterMap();
    String currentPage = req.getParameter("currentPage");
    String pageSize = req.getParameter("pageSize");

    //封装Student对象
    Student stu = new Student();

    //注册日期转换器方法
    dateConvert();
}

```

```

try {
    BeanUtils.populate(stu, map);
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}

//调用业务层的修改方法
service.updatestu(stu);

//重定向到分页查询功能
try {
    resp.sendRedirect(req.getContextPath() + "/studentServlet?
method=selectByPage&currentPage=" + currentPage + "&pageSize=" +
pageSize);
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}

```

- 2、在StudentService.java中增加“修改功能”-updatestu

```

/*
     修改数据方法
*/
public abstract void updatestu(Student stu);

```

- 3、StudentServiceImpl.java中增加“修改功能”-updatestu

```

/*
*1、直接复制会报错
*2、需要将此行代码需要添加到“doGet”方法中
*3、增加“updatestu”方法名的判断
*/
else if(method.equals("updatestu")) {
    //添加数据功能
    updatestu(req, resp);
}

=====
=====

/*
     修改数据方法
*/
@Override
public void updatestu(Student stu) {
    InputStream is = null;
    SqlSession sqlSession = null;
    try{
        //1.加载核心配置文件
        is = Resources.getResourceAsStream("MyBatisConfig.xml");
        //2.获取SqlSession工厂对象
        SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
        SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(is);
        //3.通过SqlSession工厂对象获取SqlSession对象
        sqlSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession(true);
    }
}

```

```

        //4.获取StudentMapper接口实现类对象
        StudentMapper mapper =
sqlSession.getMapper(StudentMapper.class);
        //5.调用实现类对象修改方法
        mapper.updateStu(stu);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
        //6.释放资源
        if(sqlSession != null) {
            sqlSession.close();
        }
        if(is != null) {
            try {
                is.close();
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}

```

- 4、StudentMapper.java中增加“修改功能”-updateStu

```

/*
    修改数据方法
*/
@Update("UPDATE student SET number=#{number},name=#{name},birthday=#{birthday},address=#{address} WHERE number=#{number}")
public abstract void updateStu(Student stu);

```

2.6、删除功能的实现

- 代码实现

- html代码

在stuList.html中增加“删除功能”代码

```

//删除数据功能
deletestu(row) {
    if(confirm("确定要删除" + row.number + "数据?")) {
        let param = "method=deletestu&number=" + row.number +
                    "&currentPage=" + this.pagination.currentPage +
                    "&pageSize=" + this.pagination.pageSize;
        axios.post("studentServlet",param)
            .then(resp => {
                //将查询出的数据赋值tableData
                this.tableData = resp.data.list;
                //设置分页参数
                //当前页
                this.pagination.currentPage =
                resp.data.pageNum;
                //总条数
                this.pagination.total = resp.data.total;
            })
    }
}

```

```
    }  
}
```

- java代码

- 1、在StudentServlet.java中增加“删除功能”-

```
/*  
 *1、直接复制会报错  
 *2、需要将此行代码需要添加到“doGet”方法中  
 *3、增加“deletestu”方法名的判断  
 */  
else if(method.equals("deletestu")) {  
    //添加数据功能  
    deletestu(req,resp);  
}  
=====  
=====  
  
/*  
     删除数据功能  
 */  
private void deletestu(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse resp) {  
    //获取请求参数  
    String number = req.getParameter("number");  
    String currentPage = req.getParameter("currentPage");  
    String pageSize = req.getParameter("pageSize");  
  
    //调用业务层的删除方法  
    service.deletestu(number);  
  
    //重定向到分页查询功能  
    try {  
        resp.sendRedirect(req.getContextPath() + "/studentServlet?  
method=selectByPage&currentPage=" + currentPage + "&pageSize=" +  
pageSize);  
    } catch (IOException e) {  
        e.printStackTrace();  
    }  
}
```

- 2、在StudentService.java中增加“删除功能”-

```
/*  
     删除数据方法  
 */  
public abstract void deletestu(String number);
```

- 3、StudentServiceImpl.java中增加“删除功能”-

```
/*  
     删除数据方法  
 */  
@Override
```

```

public void deletestu(String number) {
    InputStream is = null;
    SqlSession sqlSession = null;
    try{
        //1.加载核心配置文件
        is = Resources.getResourceAsStream("MyBatisConfig.xml");
        //2.获取SqlSession工厂对象
        SqlSessionFactory sqlSessionFactory = new
        SqlSessionFactoryBuilder().build(is);
        //3.通过SqlSession工厂对象获取SqlSession对象
        sqlSession = sqlSessionFactory.openSession(true);
        //4.获取StudentMapper接口实现类对象
        StudentMapper mapper =
        sqlSession.getMapper(StudentMapper.class);
        //5.调用实现类对象删除方法
        mapper.deletestu(number);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    } finally {
        //6.释放资源
        if(sqlSession != null) {
            sqlSession.close();
        }
        if(is != null) {
            try {
                is.close();
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
            }
        }
    }
}

```

- 4、StudentMapper.java中增加“删除功能”-

```

/*
     *       删除数据方法
     */
@Delete("DELETE FROM student WHERE number=#{number}")
public abstract void deletestu(String number);

```